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Sleep Hygiene In Hospitalized Adults

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Articles

Sleep duration and mortality: a

Promoting sleep by nursing

Examining the Feasibility of

Implementing Specific Nursing

Hospitalized Elderly Patients

Interventions to Promote Sleep in

systematic review

in Adults aged 60+

systematic review and meta-analysis

interventions in health care settings: a

Bright Light Therapy for Sleep Problems

PATIENT CARE ISSUE

- Sleep disturbance reported as one of the most stressful parts of hospitalization¹⁵
- Sleep is vital to every person, even more-so to the hospitalized patient
- Poor sleep leads to greater compromised immunity
- Much physiological repair occurs during sleep

EVIDENCE-BASED PRACTICE QUESTION

Question: Which nursing interventions are most helpful in promoting sleep for hospitalized adults?

Population: Hospitalized adults primarily in ICU and Med/Surg units Interventions: Non-pharmacological nursing sleep promotions Comparison: Pharmacological aids used to promote sleep **Outcomes:** Determine if interventions promote healing

REGISTERED NURSE INTERVIEW

Interventions at Grandview Hospital

- Sound meters in nurses station to ensure noise is kept below a certain decibel level
- Using a pen light instead of overhead lights and limiting unnecessary interruptions
- Use of personal ear buds and microphones to eliminate overhead noise
- Enforcement of quiet hours between 8pm and 6am

METHODS

- Searched: CINAHL, MEDLINE, Cochrane Library, PubMed, Wiley Online Library, AHRQ-NGC, and Academic Search Complete
- Key words: "sleep hygiene", "hospital", "nursing", "sleep", "circadian rhythm", "adult", "elderly"
- Exclusion criteria: patients with underlying sleep problems (ex. sleep apnea)
- Inclusion criteria: studies must be in English and involve hospitalized adults
- 279 articles found, narrowed down to 10 research articles to review

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Experience of Sleep in Critical Care

Earplugs Improve Patients' Subjective

SYNTHESIS OF EVIDENCE

RESULTS

Level

Level

Level

Level

Level

Level

Articles

unit

Efficacy of controlling night-

Earplugs and eye masks: Do

The quality and duration of

setting: and integrative review

sleep in the intensive care

Sleep disruptions in

hospitalized adults

National Guideline

Summary NGC-6347

Clearinghouse, Guideline

they improve critical care

patients' sleep?

improve patients intensive care

time noise and activities to

Level

Level 3

Level 3

Level 5

Level 6

Level 7

Aim 1: Importance of quality of sleep for hospitalized adults

- High sleep disturbance is related to poor sleep effectiveness, necessity of napping⁹
- Sleep deprivation mimics the aging process and decreases immunity^{1,8}
- Physiological repair occurs during sleep²

Aim 2: Best Nursing Interventions to Promote Sleep

- Noise and interruptions found to be two of the biggest sleep disturbances in hospital^{3, 11}
- Bright light therapy explored, but not enough evidence to put into general practice¹¹
- Initial studies indicate environmental manipulation and relaxation may be helpful^{8, 10}
- Massage found to be significant method of sleep promotion⁸
- Social and family support deemed important to sleep⁹
- Ear plugs and masks were somewhat beneficial 14, 15
- Noise reduction and reduced interruptions^{3, 10, 11, 14, 15}

EVIDENCE-BASED PRACTICE RECOMMENDATIONS

- Nurses should do their best to implement basic interventions to promote sleep
- Nurses should focus on reducing noise and number of interruptions at night
- More research is needed to determine best interventions to use
- Research must be more organized and systematic

LIMITATIONS

- General lack of research studies looking at each intervention independently
- Too many confounding variables in the research studies
- Lack of objective sleep measurements in studies
- Lack of research with high scientific strength